Filed: 1/19/2017 9:24:41 AM WEQC

DRAFT 1/19/17

1	Summary of Changes and Corrections to 1/19/17 Draft
2	Section 2: Corrected cross reference from Section 25 to Section 26.
3	Added Rule 11 to reference list.
4 5	Section 26: Removed color and hyperlink as this document will not load properly to SOS new site if left as is.
6	(a)(i) Added Rule 11 and adoption date; renumbered remaining paragraph;
7	(b) Added March 1, 2017 adoption information and listed adopted rules at (i)
8	through (vii).
9	

10	CHAPTER 2
11	CONTESTED CASE HEARINGS
12	
13	Section 1. Purpose and Scope.
14	
15	These rules are promulgated with the intent to adopt as much of the uniform
16	contested case rules that the Office of Administrative Hearings adopted under W.S.
17	16-3-102(d) as is consistent with the specific and distinct requirements of the Department
18	and the Council and applicable law. These rules shall govern all contested case
19	proceedings before the Council.
20	
21	Section 2. Applicability of the Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure.
22	
23	The Council shall conduct all contested case hearings with reference to the
24	Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure. Section 26 of this chapter specifically incorporates
25	Rules 11, 12(b)(6), 24, 45, 52, 56, and 56.1 of the Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure.
26	Carting 2 Informal Day and Alternative Discrete Day 1-4
27	Section 3. Informal Proceedings and Alternative Dispute Resolution.
28 29	(a) Parties to a contested case are encouraged to resolve the contested case
30	through settlement, mediation, arbitration, or other means throughout the duration of a
31	contested case. If the parties choose to engage in mediation or arbitration, they shall file
32	a joint request for continuance pending outcome of the mediation or arbitration. If the
33	parties choose to engage in informal settlement discussions, they may file a joint request
34	for continuance pending outcome of the informal settlement discussions.
35	for continuance pending outcome of the informal settlement discussions.
36	(b) With the consent of all parties, the hearing officer may assign a contested
37	case to a mediating hearing officer on limited assignment for the purpose of nonbinding
38	alternative dispute resolution methods. Such methods shall be conducted in accordance
39	with the procedures prescribed by the mediating hearing officer.
40	
41	(c) Parties shall promptly notify the hearing officer of all settlements,
42	stipulations, agency orders, or other action eliminating the need for a contested case
43	hearing. The hearing officer shall forward such notice to the Council. Upon such notice,
44	the Council shall enter an order dismissing the case.
45	
46	Section 4. Initiation of Contested Case.
47	
48	(a) All persons requesting a contested case hearing or protesting a permit shall
49	file the original written petition with the Council and serve additional copies to the
50	Director of the Department and any other parties.
51	
52	(i) A person initiating a contested case shall serve the petition by
53	registered mail, return receipt requested. Thereafter, all service shall be proved in
54	accordance with the Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure.

55			
56		(ii)	Where a person is objecting to a permit, service of all documents
57	shall include	the peri	mit applicant when serving the petition and all other pleadings and
58	motions.		
59			
60	(b)	The p	etition for hearing shall set forth:
61			
62		(i)	Name, phone number, electronic mail address, and physical
63	address of the	e petitio	oner and, if applicable, the petitioner's attorney;
64			
65		(ii)	The action, decision, order, or permit upon which a hearing is
66	requested;		
67			
68		(iii)	A statement in ordinary but concise language of the specific
69	-		the petition is based, including references to the statute, rule, or
70	order that the	petition	ner alleges has been violated, and
71		<i>(</i> •)	
72		(iv)	A request for hearing before the Council.
73	(-)	TP1	- Marked
74 75	(c)		ontested case shall be deemed commenced on the date of filing the
75 76	petition with	tne Cot	incii.
76	(4)	No ma	amonaiya nlaadinaa ana mandatany mian ta tha mushaanina aahadulina
77 78	(d) conference.	No re	sponsive pleadings are mandatory prior to the prehearing scheduling
79	conference.		
80	Section	n 5 Fil	ling and Service of Papers
81	Seeme)	and betwee of Lapers
82	(a)	In al	l contested case proceedings, the parties shall file all original
83	` '		gs, and motions with the Council and serve all other parties with true
84	_	_	f the particular document, pleading, or motion. The original and all
85		•	mpanied by a certificate of service. The Council shall maintain the
86	-		e, and all parties and the hearing officer shall be provided copies of
87			cuments, pleadings, and motions contained therein.
88			
89	(b)	Filin	g and service under this rule shall be made by hand delivery, U.S.
90	mail transmit	tal to th	ne last known address, or electronically uploaded to the relevant
91	docket at http	://wyor	mingeqc.wyo.gov/. Where all parties have not consented to receive
92	electronic service, the party electronically filing shall otherwise serve the documents to		
93	the parties who have not consented to receive electronic service. Parties may file by		
94	means other t	han tho	ose described in this Section upon approval from the hearing officer.
95			
96	Section	on 6. Re	eferral to Office.
97			
98	(a)	-	referral to the Office to conduct a contested case in accordance with
99	W.S. 35-11-1	.12(a), t	the Council shall transmit to the Office copies of appropriate

100 101	documents reflecting the dispute and the basis thereof, including any written challenge(s) initiating the contested case and a reference to applicable law.
102	initiating the contested case and a reference to applicable law.
103	(b) The Council shall submit a transmittal sheet, on a form provided by the
104	Office, sufficiently identifying the contested case, including:
105	
106	(i) The name of the known parties and their attorneys or
107	representatives;
108	(ii) A consist statement of the nature of the contested associ
109 110	(ii) A concise statement of the nature of the contested case;
110	(iii) Notification of any time limits for the setting of a hearing or entry
111	of a decision, location requirements, and anticipated special features or unique
112	requirements; and
113	requirements, and
115	(iv) Certification by an authorized officer of the Council that all parties
116	have been properly served with a true and complete copy of the transmittal form.
117	have been property served with a true and complete copy of the transmittal form.
118	Section 7. Designation and Authority of Hearing Officer; Recusal.
119	Section 7. Designation and radiotity of ficulting officer, recusal.
120	(a) The Chair may refer, assign, or designate a hearing officer to preside
121	over any contested case unless otherwise provided by law. When appropriate under
122	applicable law and at the Council's request, the hearing officer may provide a
123	recommended decision.
124	
125	(b) At any time while a contested case is pending, a hearing officer or
126	Council member may withdraw from a contested case by filing written notice of recusal
127	or entering a verbal notice of recusal into the record. As soon as the notice of recusal is
128	entered, the recused hearing officer or Council member shall not participate in the
129	contested case.
130	
131	(c) Upon motion of any party, recusal of a hearing officer or Council
132	member shall be for cause. Whenever the grounds for such motion become known, any
133	party may move for recusal of a hearing officer or Council member on the ground that the
134	hearing officer or Council member:
135	
136	(i) Has been engaged as counsel in the action prior to being
137	appointed as hearing officer;
138	
139	(ii) Has a material interest in the outcome of the action;
140	
141	(iii) Is related by consanguinity to a party;
142	
143	(iv) Is a witness in the action;
144	

145	(v) Is biased or prejudiced against the party or the party's attorney or
146	representative; or
147	
148	(vi) Any other ground provided by law.
149	
150	(d) A motion for recusal shall be supported by an affidavit or affidavits of
151	any person or persons stating sufficient facts to show the existence of grounds for the
152	motion. Prior to a hearing on the motion, any party may file counter-affidavits. The
153	motion shall be heard by the hearing officer or, at the discretion of the hearing
154	officer, by another hearing officer. If the motion is granted, the Council Chair shall
155	immediately designate another hearing officer to preside over the contested case or shall
156	excuse the Council member(s).
157	
158	(e) A hearing officer appointed from outside the Council members shall not
159	be subject to a voir dire examination by any party.
160	
161	(f) Subject to limitations imposed by the hearing officer, any party may be
162	permitted to conduct a voir dire examination of a Council member.
163	
164	Section 8. Appearances and Withdrawals.
165	
166	(a) A party, whether it be an individual, corporation, partnership, governmental
167	organization, or other entity may appear through an attorney or representative. An
168	individual may represent himself/herself. An individual or entity seeking to intervene in
169	a contested case under Rule 24 of the Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure may appear
170	through an attorney or representative prior to a ruling on the motion to intervene.
171	
172	(b) Prior to withdrawing from a contested case, an attorney shall file a motion
173	to withdraw. The motion for an attorney's withdrawal shall include a statement
174	indicating the manner in which notification was given to the client and setting forth the
175	client's last known address and telephone number. The hearing officer shall not grant the
176	motion to withdraw unless the attorney has made reasonable efforts to give actual notice
177	to the client that:
178	
179	(i) The attorney wishes to withdraw;
180	
181	(ii) The client has the burden of keeping the hearing officer
182	informed of the address where notices, pleadings, or other papers may be served;
183	
184	(iii) The client has the obligation to prepare, or to hire another
185	attorney or representative to prepare, for the contested case and the dates of proceedings;
186	
187	(iv) The client may suffer an adverse determination in the contested
188	case if the client fails or refuses to meet these burdens;
189	

(v) The pleadings and papers in the case shall be served upon the client at the client's last known address; and

(vi) The client has the right to object within fifteen (15) days of the date of notice.

(c) Prior to withdrawing from a contested case, a representative shall provide written notice of withdrawal to the Council.

Section 9. Intervention.

(a) Any person interested in obtaining the relief sought by a party or otherwise interested in the determination of a proceeding, other than surface coal mining operations pending before the Council, may file a motion to intervene before or at the hearing, but not thereafter except for good cause shown. The motion shall set forth the grounds of the proposed intervention, the position and interest of the petitioner in the proceeding, and affirmative relief sought. Leave shall not be granted unless the Council determines that the movant is adversely affected by the action and has a legal right to intervene, under the standards set out in W.R.C.P. Rule 24.

(b) For proceedings related to surface coal mining operations, any person may file a motion for leave to intervene as a full party or in a limited capacity at any stage of a proceeding conducted by the Council. The motion shall include the basis for intervention and shall be granted to any person who either could have initiated the proceeding or has an interest that may be adversely affected by the outcome of the proceeding. Regardless of these bases, intervention may be granted whenever appropriate after considering the nature of the issues, the adequacy of the existing parties' representation of movant's interest, the ability of the movant to present relevant evidence and argument, and the effect of intervention on the implementation of the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. The extent and terms of participation by an intervenor in a limited capacity shall be determined by the Council.

(c) If the motion to intervene is granted, the movant becomes an intervenor and a party to the proceeding with the right to have notice, appear at the taking of testimony, produce and cross-examine witnesses, and be heard on the argument of the case. The party intervening shall give notice of intervention to all other parties.

Section 10. Ex Parte Communications.

Except as authorized by law, a party or a party's attorney or representative shall not communicate with any Council member in connection with any issue of fact or law concerning any pending contested case, except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. Should ex parte communication occur, the Council member shall advise all parties of the communication as soon as possible thereafter and, if requested, shall allow any party an opportunity to respond prior to ruling on the issue.

2-6

Section 11. Motions and Motion Practice.

(a) Unless these rules or an order of the hearing officer establish time limitations other than those contained herein, all motions except motions for enlargement of time and motions made during hearing shall be served at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing on the motion. A party affected by the motion may serve a response together with affidavits, if any, at least three (3) days before the hearing on the motion or within twenty (20) days after service of the motion, whichever is earlier. Unless the hearing officer permits service at some other time, the moving party may serve a reply, if any, at least one day prior to the hearing on the motion or within fifteen (15) days after service of the response, whichever is earlier. Unless the hearing officer otherwise orders, any party may serve supplemental memoranda or rebuttal affidavits at least one day prior to the hearing on the motion.

(b) Unless the hearing officer otherwise orders, a request for a hearing on the motion may be served by the moving party or any party affected by the motion within twenty (20) days after service of the motion. The hearing officer may determine such motion without a hearing.

(c) Prior to filing any non-dispositive motion, a moving party shall make reasonable efforts to contact all other parties, representatives, and attorneys. Any such non-dispositive motion shall include a statement concerning efforts made to confer with the other party(s) and position(s) on the motion.

(d) All written motions filed with the Council shall be accompanied by a proposed order.

Section 12. Setting Hearings and Other Proceedings.

(a) The hearing officer or Chair of the Council, as applicable, shall assign a docket number to each contested case. All papers, pleadings, motions, and orders filed thereafter shall contain:

(i) A conspicuous reference to the assigned docket number;

(ii) A caption setting forth the title of the contested case and a brief designation describing the document filed; and

(iii) The name, address, telephone number, and signature of the person who prepared the document.

(b) The hearing officer shall set the course of proceedings through the issuance of a scheduling order. This may include, but is not limited to, pre-hearing conferences, confidentiality issues, summary disposition deadlines, motion practice,

settlement conferences, and the evidentiary hearing.

(c) Prehearing conferences may be held at the discretion of the hearing officer. Any party may request a prehearing conference to address issues such as discovery, motion deadlines, scheduling orders, or case status.

(d) At the hearing officer's discretion and unless otherwise provided by the Council, telephone or videoconference calls may be used to conduct any proceeding. At the discretion of the hearing officer, parties or their witnesses may be allowed to participate in any hearing by telephone or videoconference.

Section 13. Consolidation.

A party may seek consolidation of two or more contested cases by filing a motion to consolidate in each case sought to be consolidated. If consolidation is ordered and unless otherwise ordered by the hearing officer, all subsequent filings shall be in the case first filed, and all previous filings related to the consolidated cases shall be placed together under that docket number. Consolidation may be ordered on a hearing officer's own motion.

Section 14. Continuances and Extensions of Time.

(a) A motion for a continuance of any scheduled hearing shall be in writing, state the reasons for the motion, and be filed and served on all parties and the hearing officer. A motion for a continuance shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause.

(b) A motion for an extension of time for performing any act prescribed or allowed by these rules or by order of the hearing officer shall be filed and served on all parties and the hearing officer prior to the expiration of the applicable time period. A motion for extension of time shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause.

(c) For contested cases conducted regarding objections pursuant to W.S. 35-11-406(k), a motion for continuance may not be granted if the motion would continue the hearing beyond the 20-day period provided in that statute unless the parties stipulate to a different period.

Section 15. Discovery.

(a) The taking of depositions and discovery shall be in accordance with W.S. 16-3-107(g).

(b) Unless the hearing officer orders otherwise, parties shall not file discovery requests, answers, and deposition notices with the Council.

325	Section 16. Subpoenas.
326	
327	Any party may request the hearing officer to issue a subpoena to compel the
328	attendance of a witness or for the production of documents. Requests for a subpoena
329	shall be accompanied by a completed subpoena that conforms to Rule 45 of the
330	Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure.
331	
332	Section 17. Summary Disposition.
333	
334	Rules 12(b)(6), 52(c), 56.1, and 56, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, apply to
335	contested cases.
336	
337	Section 18. Prehearing Procedures.
338	
339	(a) Unless otherwise ordered by the hearing officer, each party to a
340	contested case shall file and serve on all other parties and the hearing officer a
341	prehearing disclosure statement setting forth:
342	
343	(i) A complete list of all witnesses who will or may testify, together
344	with information on how that witness may be contacted, and a brief description of the
345	testimony the witness is expected to give in the case. If a deposition is to be offered into
346	evidence, the original shall be filed with the Council;
347	
348	(ii) A statement of the specific claims, defenses, and issues which
349	the party asserts are before the hearing officer for hearing, based on the party's initial
350	filing;
351	
352	(iii) A statement of the burden of proof to be assigned in the contested
353	case with reference to specific regulatory, statutory, constitutional, or other authority
354	established by relevant case law;
355	
356	(iv) A statement of stipulated facts. If the parties are unable to stipulate
357	to facts, the parties shall indicate what efforts have been made to stipulate to facts and the
358	reasons facts cannot be stipulated;
359	
360	(v) A complete list of all documents, statements, etc., which the party
361	will or may introduce into evidence; and
362	
363	(vi) An approximation of the time required for the hearing.
364	(h) Parties shall file and assessment as a disclarate statement as a lafe as
365	(b) Parties shall file and serve prehearing disclosure statements on or before
366	the date established by the hearing officer.
367 369	(a) The information provided in a probability disabeture statement shall be
368 360	(c) The information provided in a prehearing disclosure statement shall be
369	binding on each party throughout the course of the contested case unless modified

370	for good cause.
371	(d) Additional witnesses on arthibits may be added only if the need to do so
372	(d) Additional witnesses or exhibits may be added only if the need to do so
373	was not reasonably foreseeable at the time of filing of the prehearing disclosure
374	statement, it would not unfairly prejudice other parties, and good cause is shown.
375	(a) The begging officer may modify the requirements of a pusheaving
376 377	(e) The hearing officer may modify the requirements of a prehearing
378	disclosure statement.
379	(f) Failure to file a prehearing disclosure statement may result in the hearing
380 381	officer's striking of witnesses, exhibits, claims and defenses, or dismissal of the contested
382	case.
383	(g) If a prehearing order is entered, the prehearing order shall control
384	the course of the hearing.
385	the course of the hearing.
386	Section 19. Burden of Proof.
387	Section 17. Burden of 11001.
388	The hearing officer shall assign the burden of proof in accordance with
389	applicable law.
390	approver runn
391	Section 20. Evidence.
392	
393	(a) The hearing officer shall rule on the admissibility of evidence in
394	accordance with the following:
395	
396	(i) Evidence of the type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent
397	persons in the conduct of their serious affairs shall be admissible. Irrelevant, immaterial,
398	or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.
399	
400	(ii) Evidence may be offered through witness testimony or in
401	documentary form;
402	
403	(iii) Testimony shall be given under oath administered by the
404	hearing officer. Deposition testimony and other pre-filed testimony may be submitted
405	as evidence, provided the testimony is given under oath administered by an appropriate
406	authority, and is subject to cross- examination by all parties;
407	
408	(iv) The rules of privilege recognized by Wyoming law shall be
409	given effect; and
410	
411	(v) A hearing officer may take administrative notice of judicially
412	cognizable facts, provided the parties are properly notified of any material facts noticed.
413	
414	(b) Each party shall have the opportunity to cross-examine witnesses. The

hearing officer may allow cross-examination on matters not covered on direct examination. Each party shall have the opportunity to perform re-direct examination of witnesses on matters covered during cross-examination. The hearing officer or Council member, when applicable, may ask (c) questions of any party or witness. Section 21. Contested Case Hearing Procedure. The hearing officer shall conduct the contested case and shall have discretion to direct the order of the proceedings. (b) Unless otherwise provided by law, and at the hearing officer's discretion, the party with the burden of proof shall be the first to present evidence. All other parties shall be allowed to cross-examine witnesses in an orderly fashion. When that party rests, other parties shall then be allowed to present their evidence. Rebuttal and surrebuttal evidence shall be allowed only at the discretion of the hearing officer. The hearing officer shall have discretion to allow opening statements and (c) closing arguments. Section 22. Default. Unless otherwise provided by law, a hearing officer may enter an order of default or an order affirming agency action for a party's failure to appear at a lawfully noticed hearing. Section 22. Expedited Hearing. At the hearing officer's or Council's discretion and when allowed by applicable law, a contested case may be heard as an expedited hearing upon the motion of any party. An expedited hearing shall be decided on written arguments, evidence, (b) and stipulations submitted by the parties. A hearing officer or the Council may permit oral arguments upon the request of any party. The hearing officer may require an evidentiary hearing in any case in which it appears that facts material to a decision in the case cannot be properly determined by an expedited hearing. Section 24. Recommended Decision.

415

416

417

418 419

420

421 422

423 424

425 426 427

428

429

430

431 432 433

434

435

436 437

438 439

440

441 442

443444

445446

447 448

449

450

451 452

453

454 455

456 457

458 459 In those contested cases where the hearing officer makes a recommended

decision, the hearing officer shall file the recommended decision with the Council and

serve copies of the recommended decision on all parties to the contested case. Unless otherwise ordered, parties shall have ten (10) days to file written exceptions to the hearing officer's recommended decision. Written exceptions shall be filed with the Council and served on all parties. Section 25. Final Decision. (a) A final decision containing findings of fact, conclusions of law, and an order entered by the Council shall be in writing and served upon all parties to the contested case and the hearing officer, if applicable. A final decision shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated. When the hearing officer allows the parties to submit a proposed final order, the parties shall file the original with the Council and serve copies of the proposed order on all other parties and the hearing officer. (c) A hearing office may at any time prior to judicial review correct clerical errors in final decisions or other parts of the record. A party may move that clerical errors or other parts of the record be corrected. During the pendency of judicial review, such errors may be corrected only with leave of the court having jurisdiction. Section 26. **Incorporation by Reference.** The code, standard, rule, or regulation below is incorporated by reference (a) and can be found at: http://www.courts.state.wy.us/Documents/CourtRules/Rules/WYOMING RULE S OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.pdf Rule 11, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming Supreme Court and in effect on July 1, 2008; (ii) Rule 12(b)(6), Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming Supreme Court and in effect on April 11, 1995; (iii) Rule 24, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming Supreme Court and in effect on February 11, 1975; (iv) Rule 45, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming Supreme Court and in effect on October 1, 2009; (v) Rule 52, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming Supreme Court and in effect on July 1, 2000;

460

461

462

463

464 465

466 467

468 469

470

471 472

473

474

475 476

477

478 479

480 481

482 483

484

485

486

487 488

489

490 491 492

493

494 495

496 497 498

499 500 501

502503504

(vi)

Rule 56, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the

505 506	Wyoming Su	preme Court and in effect on October 11, 1964;
507		(vii) Rule 56.1, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the
508	Wyoming Cu	preme Court and in effect on July 1, 2008.
	w youning Su	preme Court and in effect on July 1, 2008.
509	(b)	On and after March 1 2017, the ende standard mule or records to helevy
510	(b)	On and after March 1, 2017, the code, standard, rule, or regulation below
511	is incorporate	ed by reference, and after March 1, 2017 can be found at:
512513	httn:/	/www.courts.state.wy.us/Documents/CourtRules/Rules/WYOMING_RULE
514		PROCEDURE.pdf
515	S_OF_CIVIL	_FKOCEDUKE.pui
	(i)	Dula 11 Wyaming Dulas of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyaming
516517	(i)	Rule 11, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming ourt and in effect on March 1, 2017;
518	Supreme Co	uit and in effect on watch 1, 2017,
	(;;)	Dula 12(b)(6) Wyoming Dulas of Civil Procedure, adopted by the
519	(ii)	Rule 12(b)(6), Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the
520	w youning Su	preme Court and in effect on March 1, 2017;
521	(:::)	Dula 24 Wyaming Dulas of Civil Ducasdana adapted by the Wyaming
522	(iii)	Rule 24, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming art and in effect on March 1, 2017;
523	Supreme Cot	irt and in effect on March 1, 2017,
524	(:)	Dula 45 Wayaning Dulas of Civil Duscadure adopted by the Wayaning
525	(iv)	Rule 45, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming
526	Supreme Cot	art and in effect on March 1, 2017;
527	(v)	Dula 52. Wyoming Dulas of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming
528	` /	Rule 52, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming
529	Supreme Cou	art and in effect on March 1, 2017;
530	(vi)	Dula 56 Wyaming Dulas of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyaming
531	\ /	Rule 56, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming
532533	Supreme Cot	art and in effect on March 1, 2017;
	(vii)	Rule 56.1, Wyoming Rules of Civil Procedure, adopted by the Wyoming
534	` /	
535	Supreme Cot	art and in effect on March 1, 2017.
536	(a)	These miles do not incomposed later amondments or editions of the
537	(c)	These rules do not incorporate later amendments or editions of the
538	incorporated	matter.
539	(4)	All in comparated matter is excitable for multiplication at the
540	(d)	All incorporated matter is available for public inspection at the
541	-	S Cheyenne office. Contact information for the Cheyenne Office may be
542	obtained at h	ttp://deq.wyoming.gov or from (307) 777-7937.
543		
544		